

Printing date 10/30/2015

Reviewed on 12/22/2014

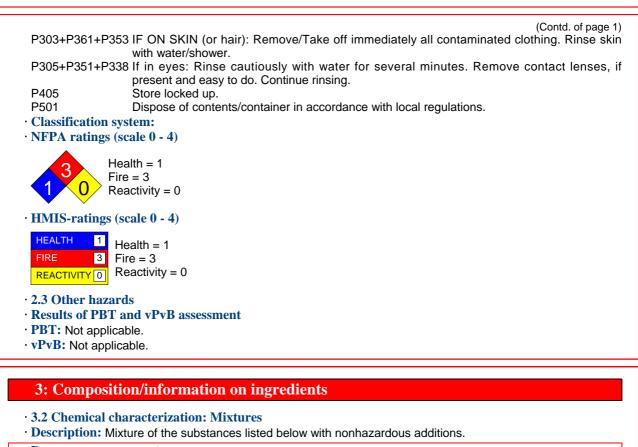
1: Identification • 1.1 Product identifier · Trade name: Remover E-59A • 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against No further relevant information available. · Application of the substance / the mixture NDT Inspection penetrant remover "class 2" per AMS-2644/ASTM E-1417 • 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet · Manufacturer/Supplier: Met-L-Chek Company 1639 Euclid Street Santa Monica, California, 90404, U.S.A. Phone: 1-310-450-1111 Fax: 1-310-452-4046 E-mail: info@met-l-chek.com http://www.met-l-chek.com · Information department: Product safety department • 1.4 Emergency telephone number: Chemtrec +1-800-424-9300 in U.S.A.; outside U.S.A. 001-703-527-3887 2: Hazard(s) identification · 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture · Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Causes skin irritation. Eye Irrit. 2A H319 Causes serious eye irritation. STOT SE 3 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Asp. Tox. 1 H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. · 2.2 Label elements · Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 The product is classified and labeled according to the CLP regulation. · Hazard pictograms GHS07 GHS02 GHS08 · Signal word Danger · Hazard-determining components of labeling: Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light · Hazard statements H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor. H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Precautionary statements Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. P210 P301+P310 If swallowed: Immediately call a doctor. (Contd. on page 2) US



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- · Dangerous components:
- CAS: 64742-49-0 Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light
- EC number: 920-750-0

50-100%

4: First-aid measures

- · 4.1 Description of first aid measures
- · General information:

Symptoms of poisoning may even occur after several hours; therefore medical observation for at least 48 hours after the accident.

• After inhalation:

Supply fresh air. If required, provide artificial respiration. Keep patient warm. Consult doctor if symptoms persist.

In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.

Take affected persons into fresh air and keep quiet.

After skin contact:

Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

- If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor.
- After eye contact:
- Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. If symptoms persist, consult a doctor.
- After swallowing:
- Do not induce vomiting; immediately call for medical help.
- A person vomiting while lying on their back should be turned onto their side.

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- 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
- No further relevant information available.
- **4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed** No further relevant information available.

5: Fire-fighting measures

- 5.1 Extinguishing media
- Suitable extinguishing agents:
- Water haze
- Foam
- ABC powder
- For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: Water spray
- · 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide
- 5.3 Advice for firefighters
- **Protective equipment:** Mouth respiratory protective device.
- Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.
- Wear fully protective suit.

6: Accidental release measures

- **6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures** Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. Ensure adequate ventilation
- **6.2 Environmental precautions:** Dilute with plenty of water.
- Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.
- 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:
- Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust).
- Dispose contaminated material as waste according to item 13.
- Ensure adequate ventilation.

Collect liquid in an appropriate container or absorb with an inert material such as vermiculite, dry sand, or earth; DO NOT use combustible materials.

Place in a chemical waste container.

- 6.4 Reference to other sections See Section 7 for information on safe handling.
- See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.
- See Section 13 for disposal information.

7: Handling and storage

- 7.1 Precautions for safe handling Store in cool, dry place in tightly closed receptacles.
- Work only in fume cabinet. Prevent formation of aerosols.
- · Information about protection against explosions and fires:
- Keep ignition sources away Do not smoke.
- Protect against electrostatic charges.
- Use explosion-proof apparatus / fittings and spark-proof tools.

Containers may be hazardous when empty since residue liquid and vapors may be present

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• 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Storage:
- · Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles: Store in a cool location.
- · Information about storage in one common storage facility: Not required.
- Further information about storage conditions: Store receptacle in fume compartment. Keep receptacle tightly sealed.

Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed receptacles.

• 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

8: Exposure controls/personal protection

· Additional information about design of technical systems: No further data; see item 7.

- · 8.1 Control parameters
- · Components with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

The product does not contain any relevant quantities of materials with critical values that have to be monitored at the workplace.

- · Additional information: The lists that were valid during the creation were used as basis.
- · 8.2 Exposure controls
- Personal protective equipment:
- General protective and hygienic measures:

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

Breathing equipment:

In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use respiratory protective device that is independent of circulating air.



Ventilation System: A system of local or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposure below the airborne exposure limits. If exposure limit is exceeded use organic vapor respirator (type A), or self contained breathing apparatus. For dry powder nuisance exposue use type P96(US) or type Pi(EU EN143 particle respirator. For higher level protection use type OV/AG/P99(US or ABEK-P2(EU EN 143) respirator cartridges.

• Protection of hands:



Protective gloves

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation • Material of gloves

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

· Penetration time of glove material

The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

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• Eye protection:

Safety glasses

Tightly sealed goggles

· Body protection: Use protective suit.

9: Physical and chemical properties

• 9.1 Information on basic physical an	d chemical properties	
• General Information • Appearance:		
Form:	Fluid	
Color:	Colorless	
· Odor:	Characteristic	
· Odour threshold:	Not determined.	
· pH-value:	Not determined.	
· Change in condition		
Melting point/Melting range:	Undetermined.	
Boiling point/Boiling range:	85 °C (185 °F)	
Flash point:	< 0 °C (< 32 °F) (ASTM D-93)	
· Flammability (solid, gaseous):	Not applicable.	
· Ignition temperature:	> 200 °C (> 392 °F)	
· Decomposition temperature:	Not determined.	
· Auto igniting:	Product is not selfigniting.	
· Danger of explosion:	Not determined.	
• Explosion limits:		
Lower:	0.8 Vol %	
Upper:	6.7 Vol %	
• Vapor pressure at 20 °C (68 °F):	172 hPa (129 mm Hg)	
• Density at 20 °C (68 °F):	0.752 g/cm³ (6.275 lbs/gal) (ASTM D-1298)	
Relative density	Not determined.	
· Vapour density	Not determined.	
• Evaporation rate	Not determined.	
· Solubility in / Miscibility with		
Water:	Not determined.	
· Partition coefficient (n-octanol/wate	r): Not determined.	
· Viscosity:		
Dynamic:	Not determined.	
Kinematic:	Not determined.	
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· Solvent content:	
Organic solvents:	100.0 %
VOC content:	100.0 %
	752.0 g/l / 6.28 lb/gl
• 9.2 Other information	No further relevant information available.

10: Stability and reactivity

· 10.1 Reactivity No further relevant information available.

· 10.2 Chemical stability

- · Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided: No decomposition if used according to specifications.
- · 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions No dangerous reactions known.
- 10.4 Conditions to avoid No further relevant information available.
- 10.5 Incompatible materials:
- Avoid contact with acetaldehyde, acids, chlorine, ethylene oxide, isocyanate and strong oxidizing agents
- · 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: No dangerous decomposition products known.

11: Toxicological information

· 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

· Acute toxicity: Information on hazardous ingredients

· LD/LC50 values that are relevant for classification:

64742-49-0 Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

Dermal LD50 >3000 mg/kg (rabbit)

Inhalative LC50/4h 0,29 >20 mg/kg (rat)

Primary irritant effect:

• on the skin:

Causes skin irritation.

• on the eye:

Causes serious eye irritation.

- Sensitization: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Additional toxicological information:

 • IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

 Group 1
 Carcinogenic to humans

 Group 2A
 Probably carcinogenic to humans

 Group 2B
 Possibly carcinogenic to humans

 Group 3
 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans

 Group 4
 Probably not carcinogenic to humans

 • NTP (National Toxicology Program)

 None of the ingredients is listed.

 • OSHA-Ca (Occupational Safety & Health Administration)

 None of the ingredients is listed.

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[·] Carcinogenic categories



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12: Ecological information

• 12.1 Toxicity

- · Aquatic toxicity:
- Information on hazardous ingredients

64742-49-0 Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

- LC50/ 96 h 51 mg/l (Fish)
- 12.2 Persistence and degradability No further relevant information available.
- 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.
- · 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- Additional ecological information:

· General notes:

Water hazard class 2 (Self-assessment): hazardous for water Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.

Danger to drinking water if even small quantities leak into the ground.

- 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- **PBT:** Not applicable.
- **vPvB:** Not applicable.
- 12.6 Other adverse effects No further relevant information available.

13: Disposal considerations

· 13.1 Waste treatment methods

· Recommendation:

Must not be disposed of together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system. Waste/ unused products

Collect all waste in suitable and labelled containers and dispose according to local legislation.

- · Uncleaned packagings:
- Recommendation:

Waste / used products

Waste products and empty packages dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

- Empty containers may contain flammable residue and vapors.
- Recommended cleansing agent: Water, if necessary with cleansing agents.

14: Transport information

• 14.1 UN-Number • DOT, ADR, IMDG, IATA	UN1268	
• 14.2 UN proper shipping name		
·DOT	Petroleum distillates, n.o.s.	
· ADR	1268 Petroleum distillates, n.o.s.	
· IMDG, IATA	PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S.	
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14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	
DOT	
Class	3 Flammable liquids
Label	3
· ADR, IMDG, IATA	
Class Label	3 Flammable liquids 3
	5
• 14.4 Packing group • DOT, ADR, IMDG, IATA	II
14.5 Environmental hazards: Marine pollutant:	No
14.6 Special precautions for user	Warning: Flammable liquids
Danger code (Kemler): EMS Number:	33 F-E,S-E
14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code	Not applicable.
Transport/Additional information:	
DOT Overtite limitations	
Quantity limitations	
On passenger aircraft/rail: 5 L	
On cargo aircraft only: 60 L	
•	
ADR	
Excepted quantities (EQ)	Code: E2 Maximum pet quantity per inper peckaging: 20 ml
	Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 500 ml
IMDC	
IMDG Limited quantities (LQ)	1L

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• Excepted quantities (EQ)	Code: E2 Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 500 ml
·IATA	
· Remarks:	Quantity Limitation - Passenger Aircraft 5 L Quantity Limitation - Cargo Aircraft 60 L Quantity Limitation - Limited quantities 1 L Packaging Instruction: Passenger Aircraft - PI 305 Cargo aircraft - PI 307 Limited quantities - PI Y305
· UN ''Model Regulation'':	UN1268, Petroleum distillates, n.o.s., 3, II

15: Regulatory information

·Sara	
· Section 355 (extremely hazardous substances):	
None of the ingredient is listed.	
Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings):	
None of the ingredients is listed.	
TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act):	
All ingredients are listed.	
· Proposition 65	
· Chemicals known to cause cancer:	
None of the ingredients is listed.	
· Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for females:	
None of the ingredients is listed.	
· Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for males:	
None of the ingredients is listed.	
· Chemicals known to cause developmental toxicity:	
None of the ingredients is listed.	
· Cancerogenity categories	
· EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)	
None of the ingredients is listed.	
• TLV (Threshold Limit Value established by ACGIH)	
None of the ingredients is listed.	
• NIOSH-Ca (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)	
None of the ingredients is listed.	
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· 15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

16: Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

- · Department issuing SDS: Product safety department
- · Contact: Met-L-Chek Company
- Date of preparation / last revision 10/30/2015 / -
- · Abbreviations and acronyms:

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail) ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

- ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road) IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
- DOT: US Department of Transportation IATA: International Air Transport Association
- GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
- ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
- ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances
- CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)
- NFPA: National Fire Protection Association (USA) HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System (USA)
- VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds (USA, EU)
- LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent
- LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent
- PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
- vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids, Hazard Category 2 Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation, Hazard Category 2
- Eye Irrit. 2A: Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Hazard Category 2A
- STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity Single exposure, Hazard Category 3 Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration hazard, Hazard Category 1
- * Data compared to the previous version altered.

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